

OTPORNOST MATERIJALA

VEŽBE BR. 6

Asistent:
Gordana Jović

Profesor:
Miloš Ristić

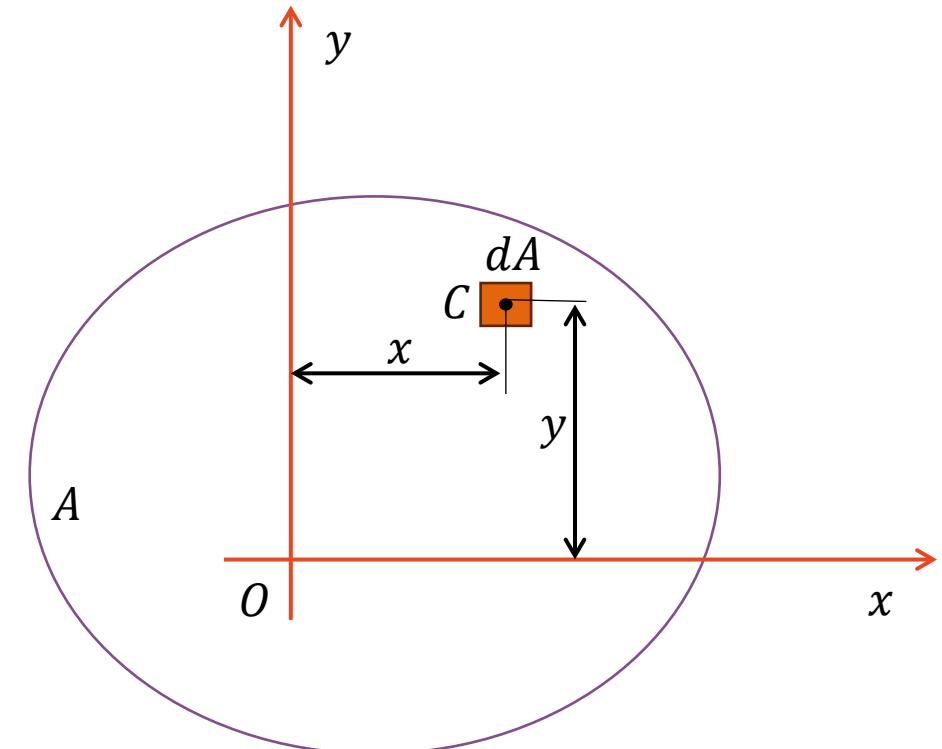
MOMENT INERCIJE

MOMENT INERCIJE RAVNIH POVRŠINA

AKSIJALNI MOMENT INERCIJE

Moment površine drugog reda jednak je zbiru proizvoda elementarne površine i kvadrata rastojanja od njenog težišta do odgovarajuće ose.

$$I_x = \int_A y^2 dA \quad I_y = \int_A x^2 dA \quad [cm^4]$$

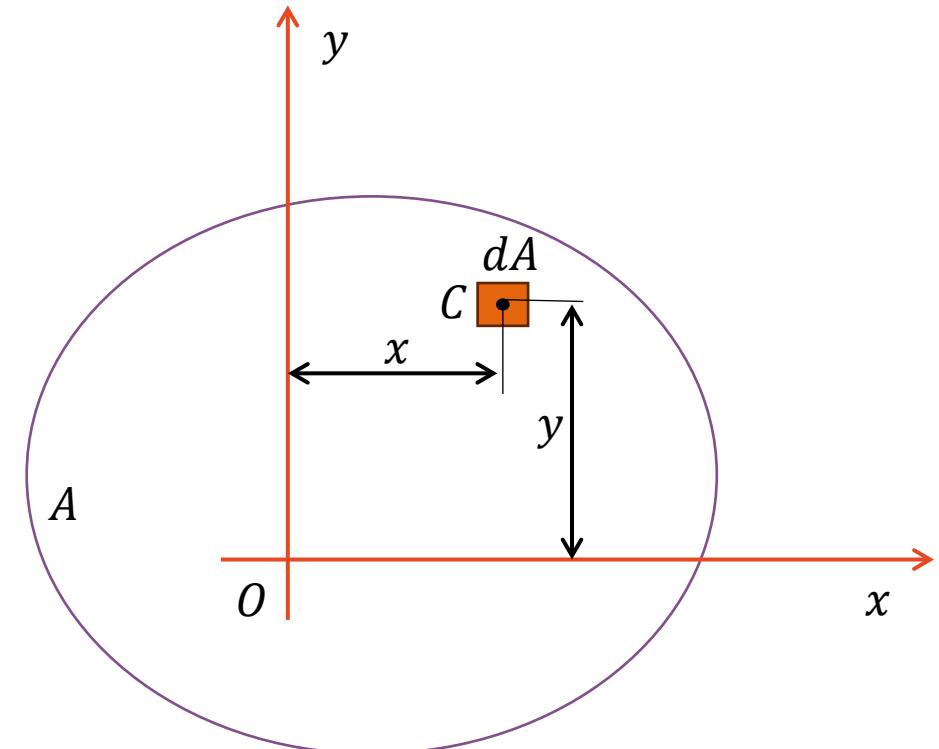


MOMENT INERCIJE RAVNIH POVRŠINA

POLARNI MOMENT INERCIJE

Za neku tačku (pol) jednak je zbiru proizvoda elementarne površine i kvadrata rastojanja od njenog težišta do te tačke (pola).

$$I_o = \int_A r^2 dA \quad [cm^4]$$



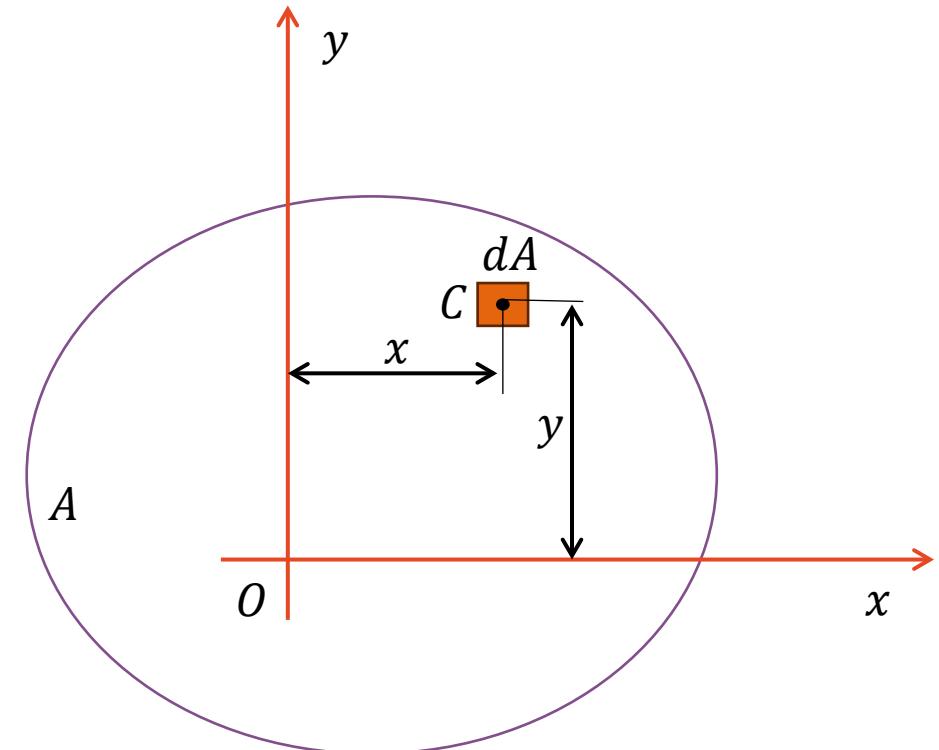
MOMENT INERCIJE RAVNIH POVRŠINA

OTPORNI MOMENT INERCIJE

$$W_O = \frac{I_O}{R}$$

$$R = \frac{d}{2} - \text{poluprečnik}$$

$$W_O = \frac{2I_O}{d}$$



MOMENT INERCije RAVNIH POVRŠINA

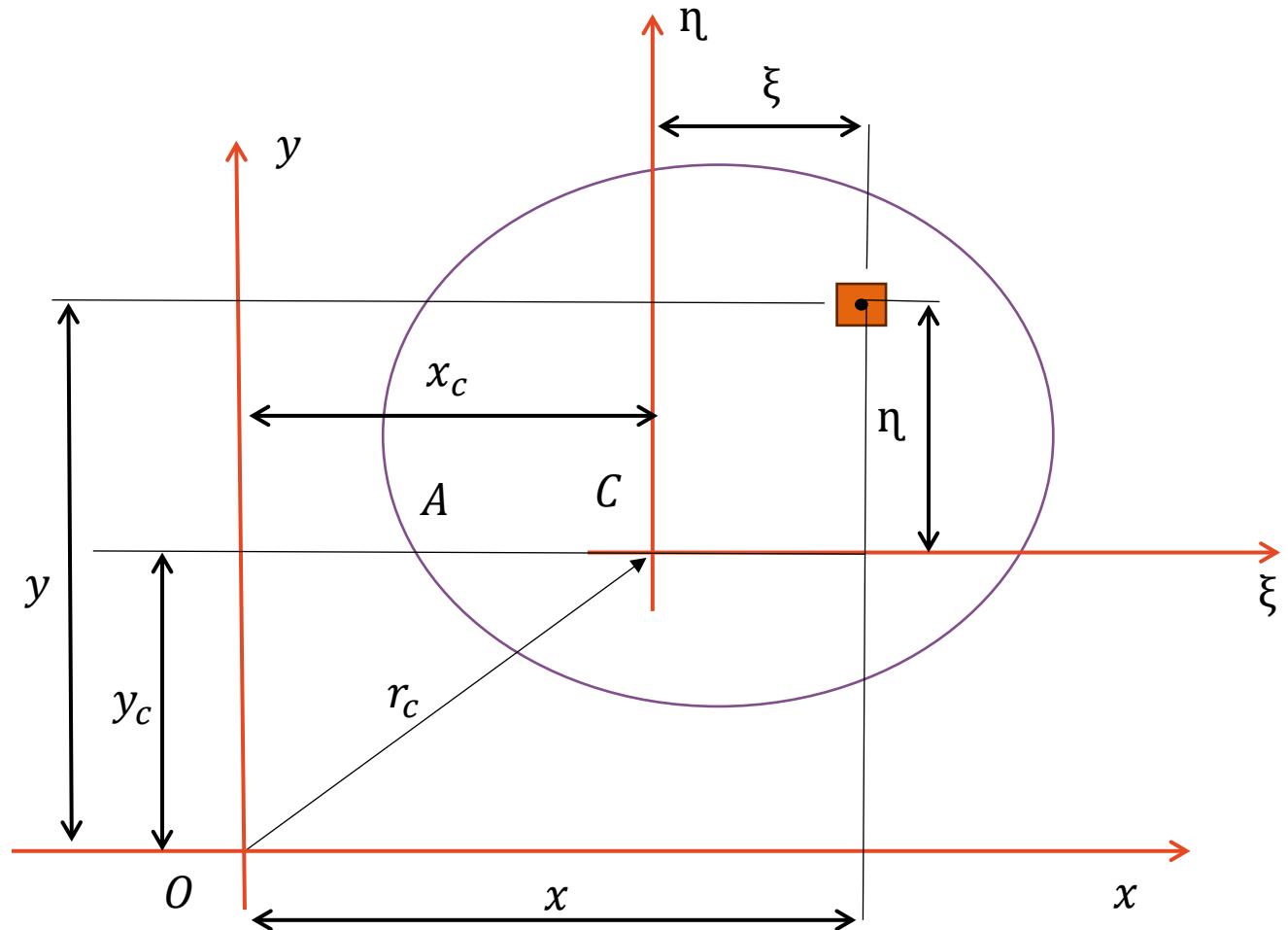
SOPSTVENI MOMENTI INERCije

$$I_\xi \quad I_\eta$$

AKSIJALNI MOMENT INERCije

$$I_x = I_\xi + A y_c^2$$

$$I_y = I_\eta + A x_c^2$$



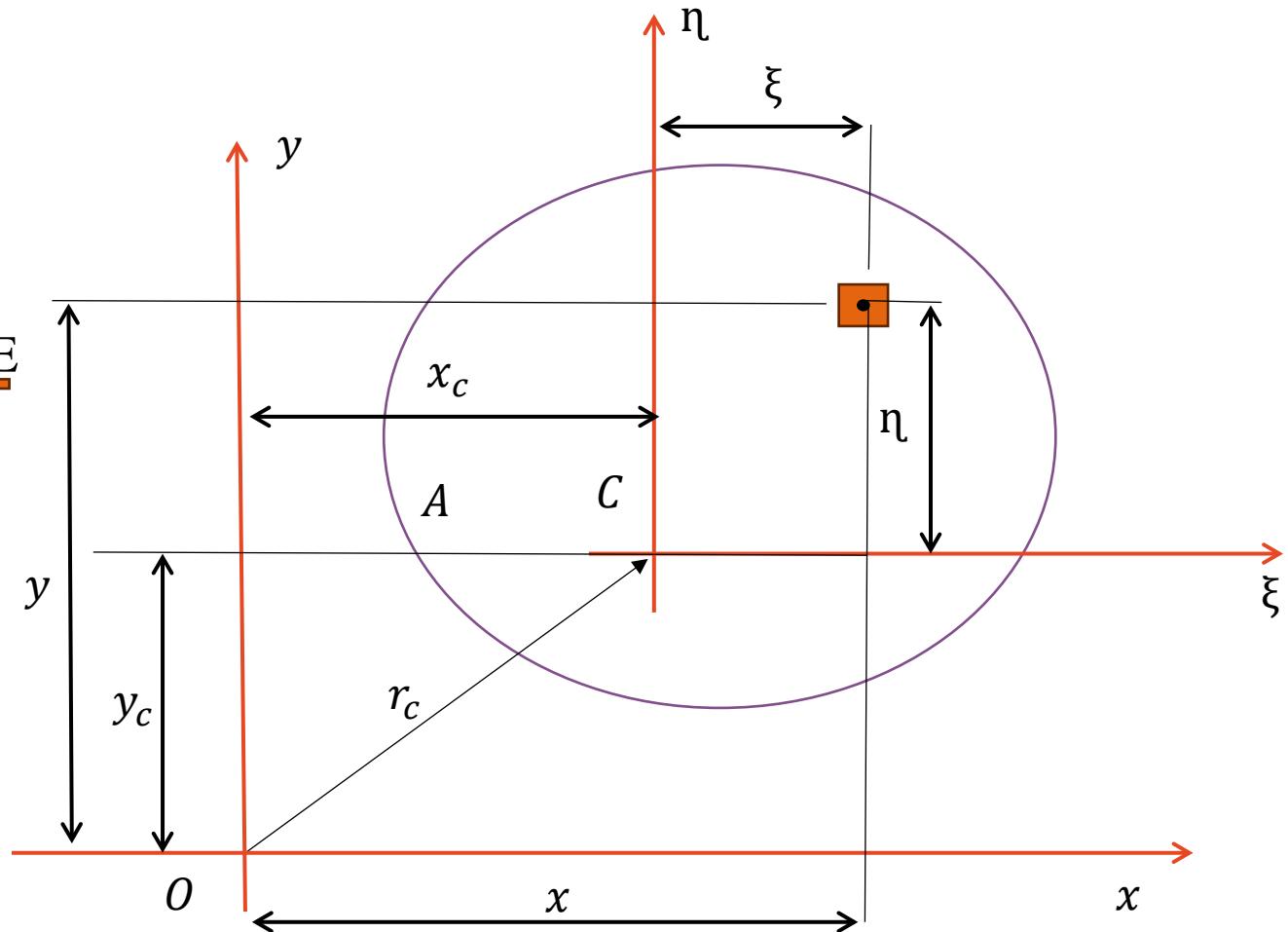
MOMENT INERCIJE RAVNIH POVRŠINA

POLARNI MOMENT INERCIJE

$$I_O = I_C + Ar_c^2$$

CENTRIFUGALNI MOMENT INERCIJE

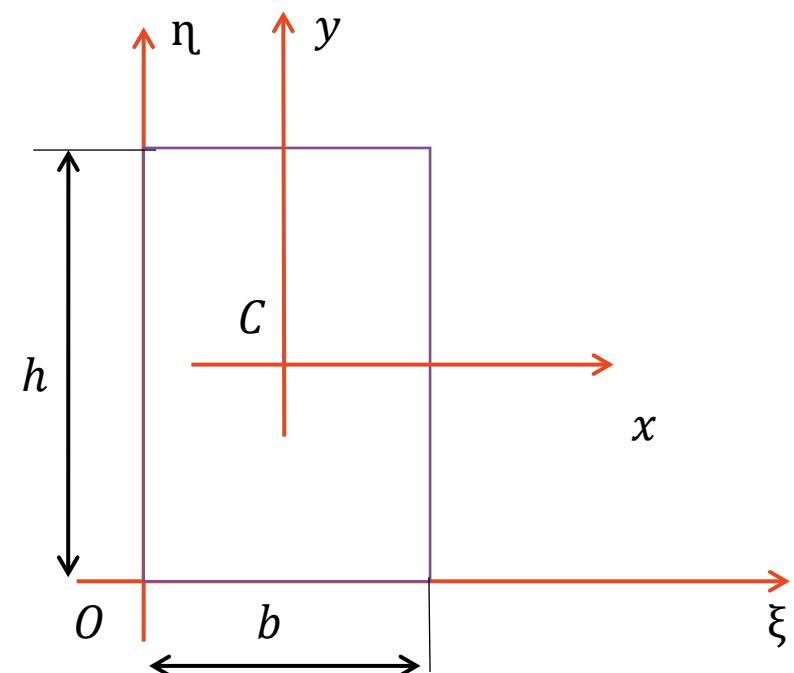
$$I_{xy} = I_{\xi\eta} + Ax_c y_c$$



ZADATAK 1.

- Za pravougaonik dimenzija $b \times h = 4 \times 6 \text{cm}$, odrediti:

- A) Sopstvene momente inercije za ose X i Y
- B) Aksijalne momente inercije za ose ξ i η
- C) Polarne momente inercije za tačke C i O.
- D) Otporne momente inercije za ose X i Y.
- E) Centrifugalni moment inercije za ose (x,y)



ZADATAK 1.

A) Sopstvene momente inercije za ose X i Y

$$I_x = \frac{bh^3}{12} = \frac{4 * 6^3}{12} = 72 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_y = \frac{hb^3}{12} = \frac{6 * 4^3}{12} = 32 \text{ cm}^4$$

B) Aksijalne momente inercije za ose ξ i η

$$I_\xi = I_x + A y_c^2$$

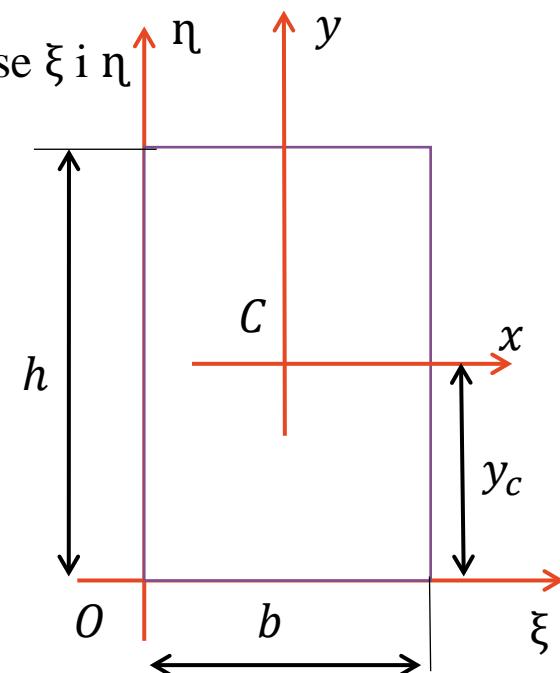
$$I_\xi = 72 + 4 * 6 * 3^2$$

$$I_\xi = 288 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_\eta = I_y + A x_c^2$$

$$I_\eta = 32 + 4 * 6 * 2^2$$

$$I_\eta = 128 \text{ cm}^4$$



ZADATAK 1.

C) Polarne momente inercije za tačke C i O

$$I_C = I_X + I_Y$$

$$I_C = 72 + 32$$

$$I_C = 104 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_O = I_\xi + I_\eta$$

$$I_O = 288 + 128$$

$$I_O = 416 \text{ cm}^4$$

D) Otporne momente inercije za ose X i Y

$$W_x = \frac{I_x}{e_x} \quad e_x = \frac{h}{2}$$

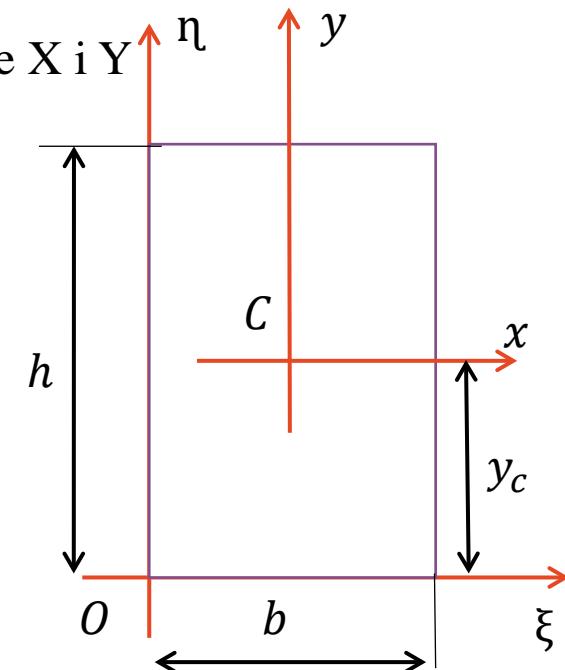
$$W_x = \frac{72}{3}$$

$$W_x = 24 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$W_y = \frac{I_y}{e_y} \quad e_y = \frac{b}{2}$$

$$W_y = \frac{32}{2}$$

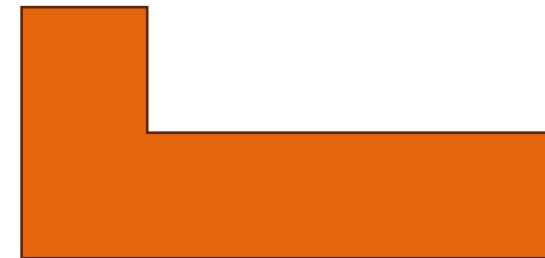
$$W_y = 16 \text{ cm}^3$$



ZADATAK 1.

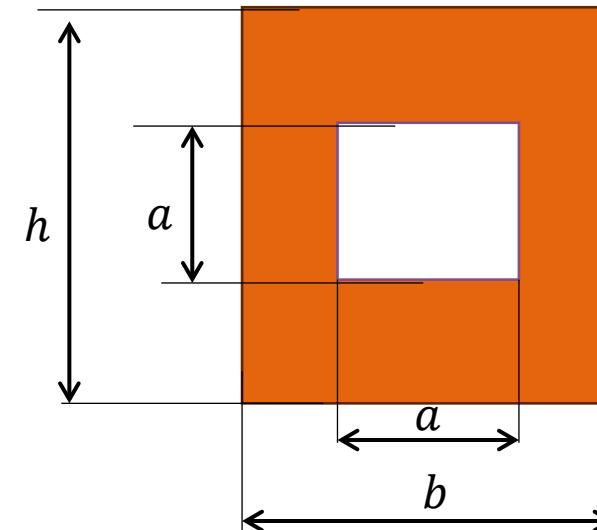
E) Centrifugalne momente inercije za ose (x,y)

$$I_{xy} = 0 \quad - x \text{ i } y \text{ ose su ose simetrije}$$

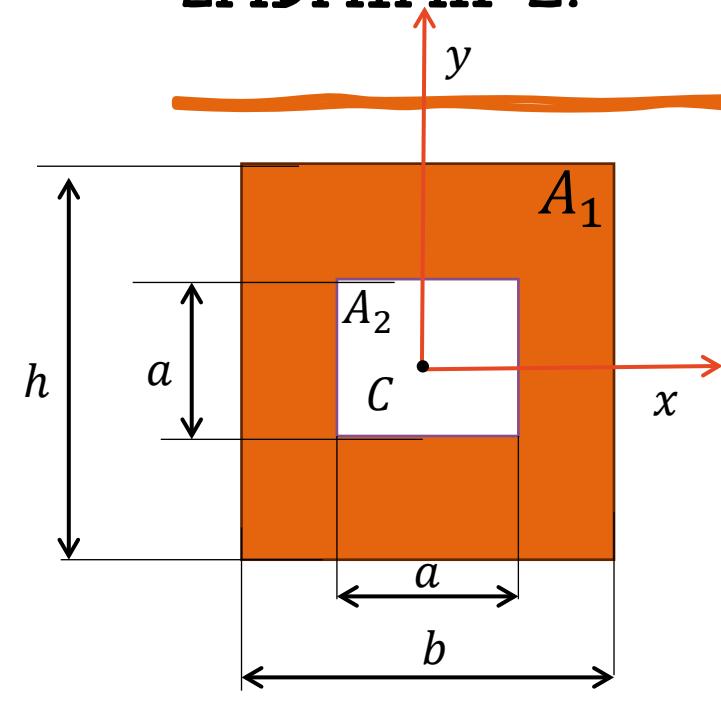


ZADATAK 2.

- Izračunati moment inercije za težišne ose i težište površine poprečnog preseka datog na slici, ako je $a = 2\text{cm}$, $b = 4\text{cm}$, $h = 8\text{cm}$.



ZADATAK 2.



$$A_1 = b * h = 4 * 8 = 32 \text{ cm}^2$$

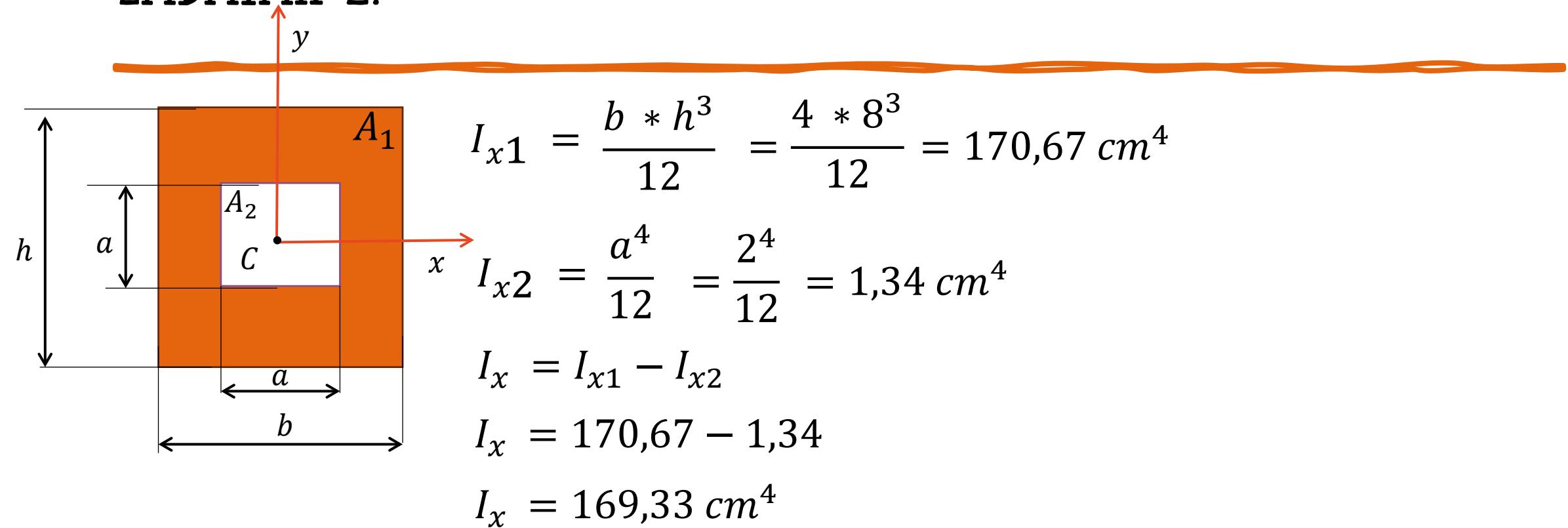
$$A_2 = a * a = 2 * 2 = 4 \text{ cm}^2$$

Moment inercije složene površine

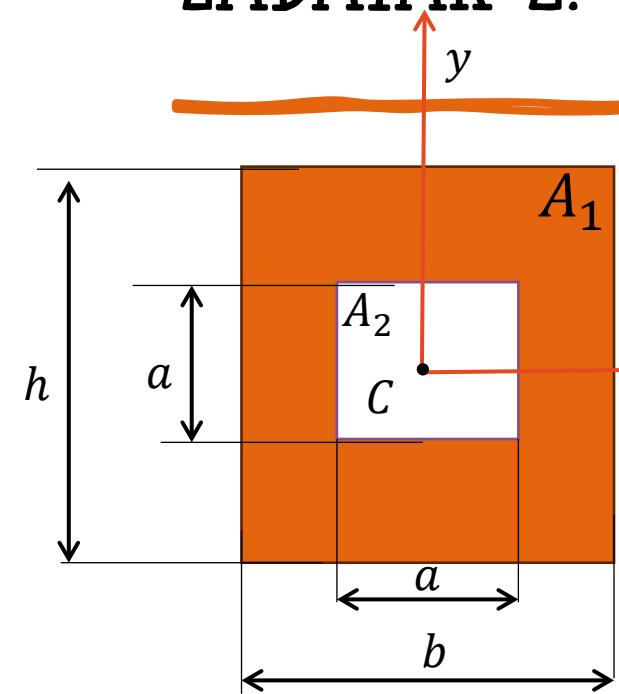
$$I_x = I_{x1} - I_{x2}$$

$$I_y = I_{y1} - I_{y2}$$

ZADATAK 2.



ZADATAK 2.



$$I_{y1} = \frac{h * b^3}{12} = \frac{8 * 4^3}{12} = 42,667 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_{y2} = \frac{a^4}{12} = \frac{2^4}{12} = 1,34 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_y = I_{y1} - I_{y2}$$

$$I_y = 42,667 - 1,34$$

$$I_y = 41,33 \text{ cm}^4$$

Polarni moment inercije

$$I_C = I_x + I_y$$

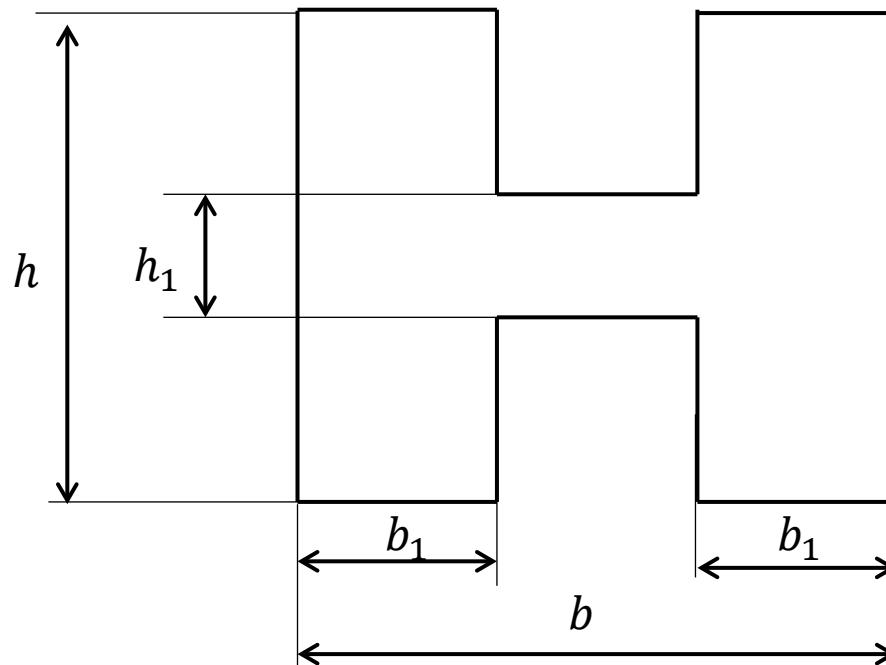
$$I_C = 210,66 \text{ cm}^4$$

Centrifugalni moment inercije

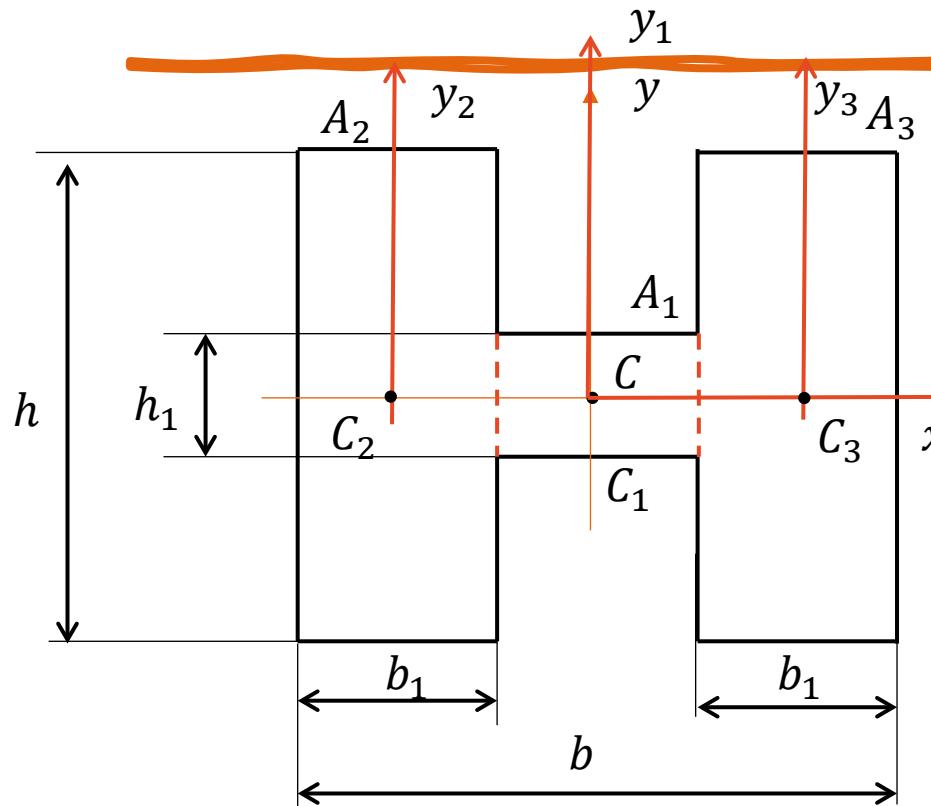
$$I_{xy} = 0$$

ZADATAK 3.

- Izračunati moment inercije za težišne ose i težište površine poprečnog preseka datog na slici, ako je $h_1 = 3\text{cm}$, $b_1 = 2\text{cm}$, $b = 10\text{cm}$, $h = 12\text{cm}$.



ZADATAK 3.



$$A_1 = (b - 2b_1) * h_1 = (10 - 4) * 3 = 18 \text{ cm}^2$$

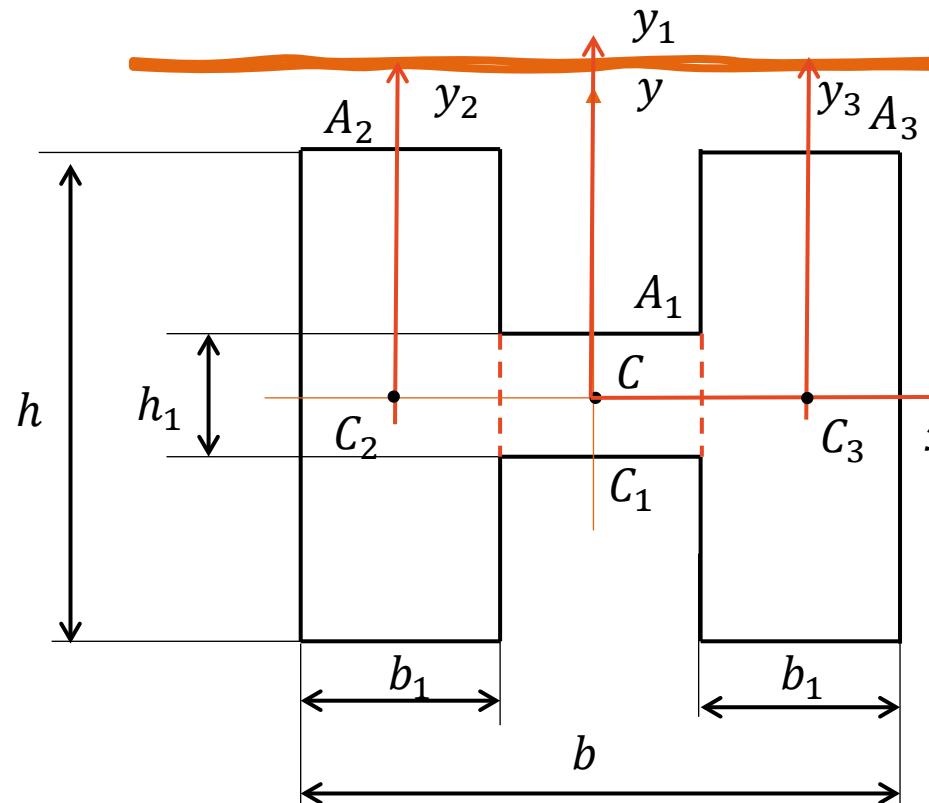
$$A_2 = A_3 = b_1 * h = 2 * 12 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

Moment inercije složene površine

$$I_x = I_{x1} + I_{x2} + I_{x3}$$

$$I_y = I_{y1} + I_{y2} + I_{y3}$$

ZADATAK 3.



$$I_{x1} = \frac{(b - 2b_1) * h_1^3}{12} = \frac{(10 - 2 * 2) * 3^3}{12} = 13.5 \text{ cm}^4$$

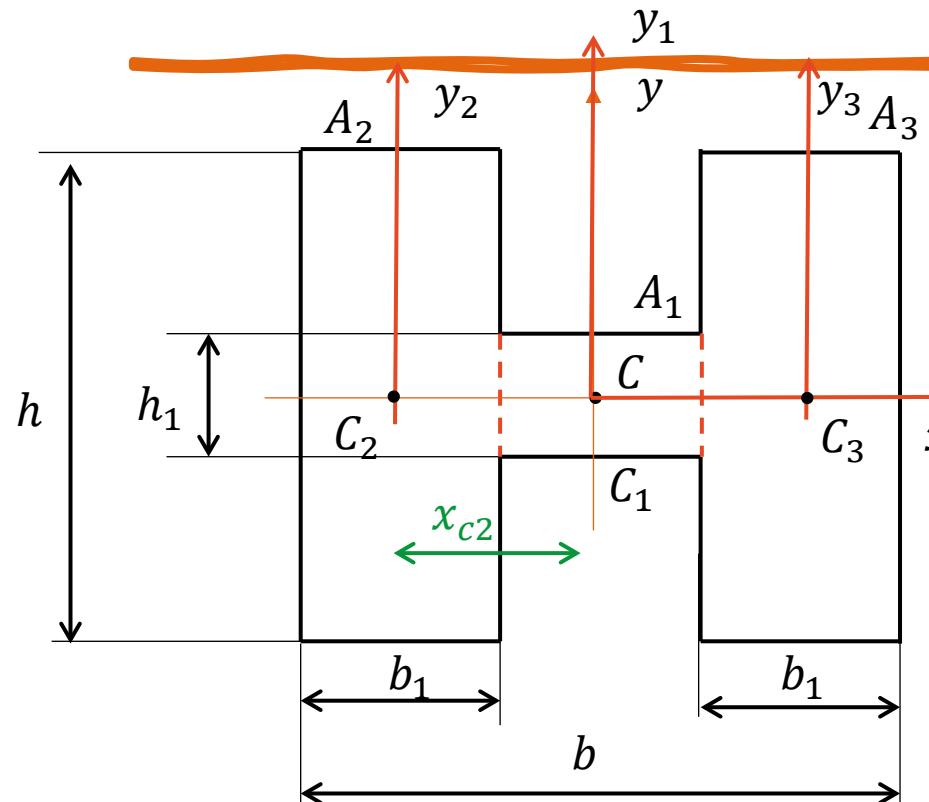
$$I_{x2} = I_{x3} = \frac{b_1 * h^3}{12} = \frac{2 * 12^3}{12} = 288 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_x = I_{x1} + I_{x2} + I_{x3}$$

$$I_x = 13,5 + 288 + 288$$

$$I_x = 589,5 \text{ cm}^4$$

ZADATAK 3.



$$I_{y1} = \frac{(b - 2b_1)^3 * h_1}{12} = \frac{(10 - 2 * 2)^3 * 3}{12} = 54 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_{y2} = I_{y3} = I_n + A_2 x_{c2}^2 = \frac{b_1^3 * h}{12} + A_2 * \left(\frac{b}{2} - \frac{b_1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$I_{y2} = I_{y3} = \frac{2^3 * 12}{12} + 24 * \left(\frac{10}{2} - \frac{2}{2}\right)^2$$

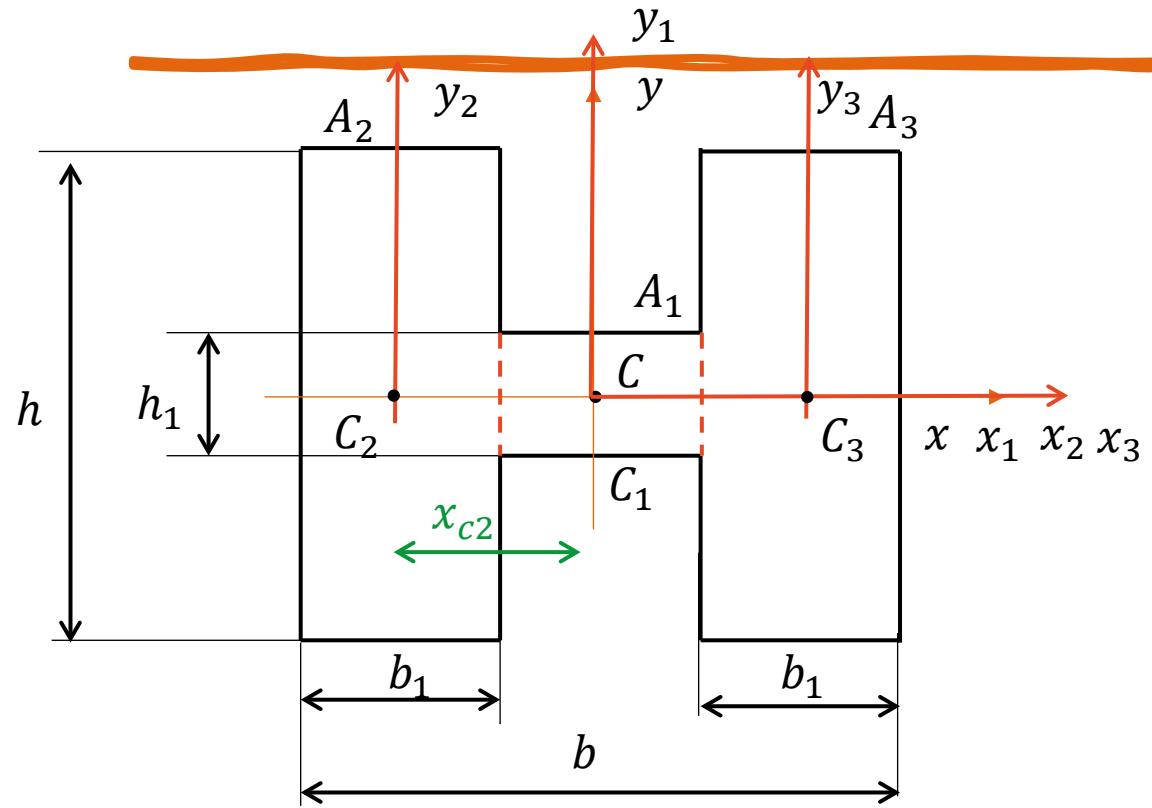
$$I_{y2} = I_{y3} = 392 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_y = I_{y1} + I_{y2} + I_{y3}$$

$$I_y = 54 + 392 + 392$$

$$I_y = 838 \text{ cm}^4$$

ZADATAK 3.



Polarni moment inercije

$$I_C = I_X + I_y$$

$$I_C = 589,5 + 838$$

$$I_C = 1427,5 \text{ cm}^4$$

Centrifugalni moment inercije

$$I_{xy} = 0 \quad - x \text{ i } y \text{ ose su ose simetrije}$$

HVALA NA PAŽNJI!